

45BC

QUINCTILIS was renamed  
JULIUS.

45BC

Example: Feb 24 was:

a.d. VI Kal. Mart

in leap year:

a.d. bis sextum Kal Martius

hence bissextile year.

45BC

Caesar kept the old names of Kalends, Ides, and Nones but in MAR; JULY; OCT; MAY the Nones were on the 7th day instead of the 5th. The Ides were correspondingly advanced 2 days. Thus the Nones of JAN & MAR fell on the 5th and 7th day of the month respectively; the Ides on the 13th and 15th.

In reckoning time, the days between the Kalends, Nones, and Ides were reckoned according to their distance from them, both days being included.

Ex. Dec. 28 was the 5th day

before the Kalends of January,  
a.d. V Kal. Jan.

(ante diem quintum Kalendas Januarii)

28 5th

29 4th

30 3rd

31 Eve

1 Kalends

45 BC, Jan. 1

Caesar began his system  
on New Years day Jan 1, 45 BC.  
His edict specifically said  
that Jan. 1 would be the  
New Year.

This was still in effect  
during time of Augustus.

HSBC

Ex.

Jan. 10 was 4th day of the  
Ides of Jan.

Nones = 7th day in Mar, May, July, Oct

Nones = 5th day in other months

Ides = 15th day in Mar. May July and Oct

Ides = 13th day in other months

- 1 Kalendar
- 2 6th Day of Nones
- 3 5th Day of Nones
- 4 4th Day of Nones
- 5 3rd Day of Nones
- 6 Eve of Nones
- 7 Nones
- 8 6th
- 9 5th
- 10 4th Day Ides of Jan
- 11 3rd Day
- 12 Eve of Ides of Jan
- 13 IDES

45BC

month of QUINTILIS was  
changed to July. (Mark Anthony after  
the number of days in each <sup>calendar</sup> month  
was rearranged.

July received 31

Seetiles did not have 31 at  
this time.